



A CLOUD OF UNCERTAINTY

The rhetorical tautology, *"Predictions are difficult, especially about the future"* may feel particularly relevant today.¹ The start of 2025 has been marked by low visibility, with two events casting a cloud of uncertainty over investor sentiment: the launch of DeepSeek's AI platform—claiming to be a significantly lower-cost model—and U.S. President Trump unleashing a trade war.

While the shift in U.S. policy direction has felt particularly unexpected—from tariffs against its closest ally to talk of annexation—it serves as a reminder of the value of diversification. Until now, Canada's dependence on the U.S. as its primary export market has largely been overlooked: 77 percent of exports go to the U.S.—no other nation accounts for more than 5 percent.² Just as diversification is important in portfolio management, it is equally critical in trade.

Over recent years, the focus on diversification in investing may have also taken a back seat. Market gains have been largely driven by a handful of U.S. tech giants, whose dominance has gone mostly unchallenged. DeepSeek's emergence highlights that disruption is inevitable in any innovation cycle, and no sector remains immune.

If the first few months of 2025 have taught anything, it is to expect the unexpected. It may also be a watershed moment—signaling a shift toward a new era of national protectionism. Indeed, it appears to be a critical juncture for Canada to focus on strengthening its economic position.

The tariff situation has also reignited the debate over its effectiveness. While Trump actively campaigned on using tariffs to address the U.S. deficit and support tax cuts, the old economic principle still holds: *If you want more of something, subsidize it; if you want less, tax it.* Many economists

agree that tariffs will have negative effects on the U.S. economy at a time when it faces its own uncertainties: persistent inflation, higher interest rates and slowing economic growth.

Given this backdrop, the tariff situation may evolve. As we have seen, the policy direction of the new U.S. administration is prone to shifting at any time. Even so, the effects of policy changes aren't always immediate or predictable. And, markets and economies don't always react as anticipated—as we saw in the pandemic's aftermath. One of the best ways to navigate uncertainty is by preparing for multiple possible outcomes. Diversification is intended to position portfolios to withstand changing environments and varying conditions.

With the shifting rhetoric south of the border, the next four years will likely be a test of investor discipline. Many other factors, such as geopolitical instability, economic declines or stock market volatility, are also beyond an investor's control. Yet, more often than not, how an investor reacts to these uncontrollable events can have the greatest impact on long-term outcomes. The key will be to look beyond the headlines and keep a broader perspective. While the near-term path may not always be clear, history has shown that, as with any cycle, the seasons change, the clouds will part and brighter days are never far behind.

For many of us, recent events feel unsettling. We continue to monitor the ongoing developments and their potential impact on portfolios making adjustments where needed, without losing focus on the longer term. While challenges undoubtedly lie ahead, brighter days will eventually prevail. Please reach out if you have concerns.

1. Attributed to Niels Bohr, Danish physicist, and Yogi Berra, baseball player, known for saying, "It aint over 'til it's over"; 2. <https://www.scotiabank.com/ca/en/about/economics/economics-publications/post.other-publications.canada-and-us-economics-canada-and-us-decks.trade-stats-january-31-2025-.html>

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WHEN LESS IS MORE: SIMPLIFYING YOUR FINANCES

Former *Wall Street Journal* finance columnist Jonathan Clements has long advised readers to plan on living past age 90. But when, at age 61, he was diagnosed with an illness that gave him just a year to live, his financial priorities shifted. His focus turned to ensuring his family would be well-prepared for a time when he was no longer around. One key step? Simplifying his finances: *"I thought my finances were well-organized and pretty simple. Yet, since my diagnosis, I've spent endless hours trying to simplify them even further."* His conclusion: *"Death is hard work."*¹

Indeed, when life becomes more challenging, simplicity matters more. If you are tackling spring cleaning this season, perhaps there may be an opportunity to revisit your finances. Here are two places to start:

Consolidate Financial Accounts — Consider the benefits of consolidating bank, investment and other financial accounts, where possible: better asset allocation, improved tax efficiency, easier administration and no "orphan" accounts forgotten over time. Just as important, it may make life easier for loved ones by reducing the number of accounts they may need to manage in the future if something were to happen.

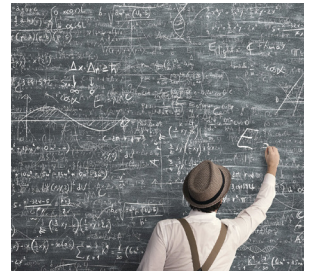
Reduce Your Digital Footprint — How many online accounts do you have? According to one source, the average person holds 100!² While this might seem high, it adds up quickly when factoring in email, social media, financial, entertainment, retail and other services. The more accounts you have, the greater your exposure to fraud through data breaches and cyberattacks. One of the best ways to protect yourself is by limiting the information scammers can access. Close unused accounts and delete inactive ones to minimize the risk of personal data being compromised.

Other Ways Less Can Mean More

Here are other ways simplifying can lead to greater financial efficiency and peace of mind:

- **Automate Savings & Investing** — Fewer decisions can lead to consistent habits. Setting up automatic transfers can help you stay on track toward long-term goals with minimal effort.
- **Cut Subscription Fat** — Reduce unnecessary recurring expenses (streaming, apps, memberships) to free up cash flow.
- **Use Fewer Credit Cards** — Reducing the number of credit cards you hold can lower the risk of missed payments or help to minimize fees. Fewer cards may also encourage more intentional spending habits. At the same time, strategically designating cards for specific purposes—such as one for online purchases and another for recurring bills—can make it easier to manage accounts and quickly respond to fraud if a card needs to be cancelled.
- **Minimize Debt Accounts** — Consolidating loans or prioritizing high-interest debt may be financially prudent to lower interest costs.
- **Teach Younger Folks to Avoid Lifestyle Creep** — Prioritizing needs over wants can help prevent overconsumption and financial stress. Owning fewer things can also mean lower maintenance costs and more financial freedom.

1. <https://www.wsj.com/personal-finance/jonathan-clements-personal-finance-cancer-e30d1396>; 2. <https://www.cnn.com/2024/02/26/tech/digital-legacy-planning-personal-technology/index.html>



PERSONAL TAX SEASON IS HERE AGAIN

A TURNING TIDE? WORK FROM HOME (& TAX REMINDERS)

Is the golden age of working from home (WFH) nearing its end? Last fall, the federal government mandated that employees return to the office (WFO) three days a week. Major corporations like Amazon and Dell have gone further, requiring full-time in-office work. The upside? This shift may help revitalize downtown areas that have struggled with vacancies since the pandemic. Proponents of WFO also argue it will boost productivity—one study suggests remote work may reduce productivity by 10 to 20 percent!¹

Regardless of your stance, tax season is a reminder for remaining WFH workers to claim home office expenses. This year, Form T2200 has been amended to simplify employer certification. Now, employers only need to confirm whether an employee worked from home more than 50 percent of the time over a period of at least four consecutive weeks. According to the CRA, taxpayers claimed a record \$2.08 billion in home office expenses in 2023, a 41.4 percent increase from the 2022 tax year, when the temporary flat-rate method was last available.²

Here are other notable tax changes as you file your 2024 returns:

Capital Gains. The proposed increase to the capital gains inclusion rate was cancelled on March 21, 2025. For those impacted, the CRA is granting relief from late-filing penalties and interest until June 2, 2025, for individuals and May 1, 2025, for trusts to provide additional time for taxpayers reporting capital gains to meet their tax filing obligations.

Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT). For 2024 and beyond, the AMT rate increases to 20.5 percent from 15 percent and the basic exemption

threshold rises to \$173,205 from \$40,000.

Charitable Donations. Due to the postal strike, draft legislation extended the deadline for 2024 charitable donations to February 28, 2025. Individuals can choose to claim eligible monetary donations made up to February 28, 2025, on their 2024 tax return, 2025 return or during the normal five-year carryforward period. Corporations with taxation years ending after November 14, 2024, or before January 1, 2025, are also eligible.

Short-Term Rentals. If you rent a residential property for less than 90 consecutive days, you must now comply with all provincial and municipal regulations and licensing or the CRA will deny any expense deductions. Transitional relief is in place for the 2024 tax year.

Canada Carbon Rebate (CCR) for Small Business. While the government stated that the rebate is tax free, at the time of writing, legislation is pending so it must be reported as taxable income.³ This was distributed in December to eligible Canadian-Controlled Private Corporations (CCPCs) to offset the federal fuel charge in certain provinces: AB, MB, NB, NL, NS, ON, PE, SK. CCPCs in other provinces/territories may be eligible if they employ people in designated provinces.

1. <https://www.forbes.com/sites/benjaminlaker/2023/08/02/working-from-home-leads-to-decreased-productivity-research-suggests/>; 2. <https://www.investmentexecutive.com/news/industry-news/claims-of-home-office-expenses-increased-41-last-tax-season/>; 3. <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/businesses/topics/corporations/business-tax-credits/canada-carbon-rebate-small-businesses.html>



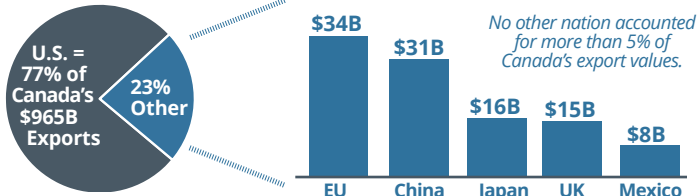
TARIFF TALK: WHERE DO WE STAND?

OH, CANADA: TRADE PERSPECTIVES, IN BRIEF

In brief, here are four perspectives on Canada/U.S. trade:

1. The U.S. is Canada's main export market. In 2023, Canadian total exports were valued at C\$965 billion, with 77 percent going to the U.S. No other nation accounts for more than 5 percent of Canada's exports.¹

2023 Exports = \$965B¹ Non-U.S. Export Destinations = C\$222B¹



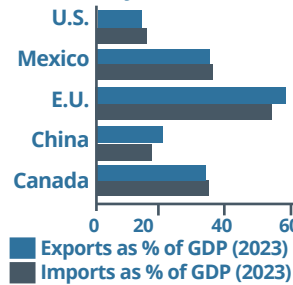
2. Canada is the U.S.'s largest export market. However, only 18 percent of total U.S. exports go to Canada.² These exports account for 44 percent of Canadian imports, which totaled C\$978 billion in goods and services in 2023.¹

3. Canada is relatively vulnerable to tariffs. When comparing trade as a percentage of GDP (chart, right), Canada has greater exposure than the U.S. and China. However, Mexico and the E.U. are more vulnerable by this metric.¹

4. The U.S. relies on Canada's resources. Canada exports over 4 million barrels of oil per day to the U.S., with Midwest refiners importing 3 million barrels daily and lacking viable alternatives.³ Canada ranks 4th globally in natural resource value⁴ and is a key supplier of critical minerals, providing around 50 to 80 percent of U.S. zinc, tellurium, nickel and vanadium.⁵



Vulnerability to Tariffs¹



1. <https://www.scotiabank.com/ca/en/about/economics/economics-publications/post.other-publications.canada-and-us-economics-canada-and-us-decks.trade-stats-january-31--2025-.html>; 2. https://www.usitc.gov/research_and_analysis/tradeshifts/2023/us_trade_industry_sectors_and_selected_trading; 3. <https://www.bnnbloomberg.ca/investing/commodities/2025/02/03/eric-nuttall-says-the-us-has-no-alternative-to-replace-canadian-oil/>; 4. <https://www.voronoiapp.com/natural-resources/Ranked-Top-Countries-by-Natural-Resource-Value-2885> (2021 figures); 5. https://economics.td.com/domains/economics.td.com/documents/reports/me/Setting_the_Record_Straight_on_Canada_US_Trade.pdf

PERSPECTIVES ON THE LOONIE'S DECLINE

FOOD FOR THOUGHT: A WEAKER CANADIAN DOLLAR

The Canadian dollar's (CAD) weakness has raised questions about its broader impact and the path forward:

The CAD is trading below its historical average. To start 2025, it fell below 68 U.S. cents—a level not seen in two decades. The decline has been driven by factors such as diverging U.S. and Canadian monetary policies (lower interest rates make the CAD less attractive to foreign investors), ongoing tariff threats and a strong U.S. dollar. Historically, the CAD has moved in cycles. From 2005 to 2014, it benefitted from strong resource demand, surpassing parity with the U.S. dollar (USD) in 2007 and peaking at US\$1.09. Over 50 years, it has averaged around US\$0.80.¹

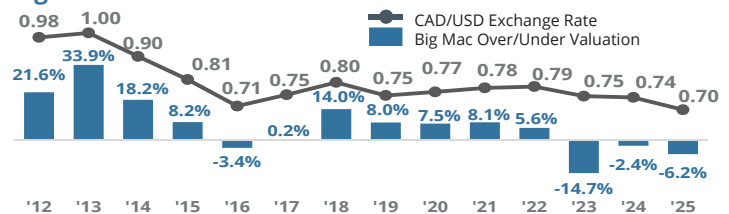
Historical CAD/USD Exchange Rate, 01/01/1974 to 01/31/2025¹



Will the loonie continue its fall? The "Big Mac Index" may offer some fun "food for thought." Published by *The Economist*, it was developed as a lighthearted way to make exchange-rate theory digestible by comparing the purchasing power parity (PPP) of currencies. PPP suggests that, over time, exchange rates should adjust so that an identical basket of goods and services costs the same in each country. The index estimates an exchange rate by comparing the price of a Big Mac in different nations to its cost in the U.S. By comparing this to the prevailing exchange rate, it gauges whether a currency is under- or overvalued. According to the index, the CAD is undervalued (chart, top).

What does this mean for investors? Currency swings can impact returns on foreign-denominated investments when converted to

Big Mac Index Over/Under Valuation: CAD vs. USD 2012 to 2025²



Canadian dollars. A notable example occurred between 2000 and 2009—a period with parallels to today. At the start of 2000, U.S. equity markets were at record highs amid the dot-com boom, while the CAD traded below 70 cents USD. If an investor put CAD into the S&P 500 Index in early 2000, they would have experienced a loss—not just due to the market downturn, but also due to currency appreciation. By December 2009, the S&P 500 declined by 24.1 percent, but over the same period, the CAD appreciated by 38 percent. When converting investments back to CAD, the loss would have been 45 percent.

Investing C\$1,000 in S&P 500 Index, 2000 to 2009

Date	S&P 500 Index	CAD/USD Exchange Rate	Investment Value (CAD)
Jan. 3, 2000	1,469.25	0.6888	\$1,000.00
Dec. 31, 2009	1,115.10	0.9508	\$549.80
% Change	-24.10%	+38.04%	-45.02%

Over the long run, currency fluctuations tend to even out in well-diversified global portfolios, as gains in one currency can offset losses in another. There are also ways to mitigate currency risk directly, depending on an investor's objectives, such as by using currency-hedged investment funds or Canadian Depository Receipts, which allow investors to buy foreign stocks on Canadian exchanges in CAD.

1. <https://ca.investing.com/currencies/usd-cad-historical-data>; 2. January data; <https://github.com/TheEconomist/big-mac-data/tree/master/output-data>

SPRING CLEANING:

DO YOU KNOW WHERE YOUR RETIREMENT MONEY IS?

A recent article in the popular press posed the question: “Do you know where your retirement money is?” It highlighted the substantial amount of unclaimed pension plans—Ontario alone has \$3.6 billion in unclaimed pension funds, due to nearly 200,000 “missing” plan members.¹

The article featured a woman who, in her 20s, contributed \$8,000 to an RRSP while working as a contractor. Now, at age 60, she discovered old paperwork revealing her forgotten investment, which has since grown to more than \$100,000 over 40 years.

This situation isn't uncommon. Many people who contributed to pensions earlier in their careers may not remember, especially since retirement savings are not usually top-of-mind at that stage of life. Complicating matters, individuals can shift employers over the span of a career, move residences or change phone numbers, making it difficult to keep track of older pension plans, or for pension providers to locate their members.

It's Never Too Late to Start Looking

If you think you may have unclaimed pension funds, contact your former employers and speak to the plan administrator to check your eligibility.

Here are some other places where you may have money hiding:

Bank Accounts — At last count, the Bank of Canada holds over \$1.8B in unclaimed balances from dormant bank accounts, term deposits and GICs that have had no activity for 10 years or more.² To check for unclaimed funds, see: <https://www.unclaimedproperties.bankofcanada.ca/>

Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) Refunds — The latest report suggests the CRA holds 8.9 million uncashed cheques worth over \$1.4 billion.³ To check for outstanding payments, log into your CRA “My Account.” For more information, please see: <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/uncashed-cheque.html>

Canada Savings Bonds (CSBs) — Though CSBs were discontinued in November 2017, most were issued as physical paper certificates. Before they were discontinued, a report found there were \$420 million of matured—but non-redeemed—CSBs and Canada Premium Bonds, suggesting many may have been misplaced. If you've found an old certificate, you can take it to any financial institution to redeem it. For lost certificates, see: <https://www.unclaimedproperties.bankofcanada.ca/app/report-lost-bonds>

Insurance Benefits — If you believe you are an entitled beneficiary or have unclaimed life insurance benefits, contact the insurance company directly. If you're unsure of the provider, visit

the OmbudService for Life & Health Insurance: <https://olhi.ca/>

Old Stock Certificates

— If you come across an old stock certificate, the Canadian Securities Administrators

provides guidance on how to determine its value. Please see: <https://www.securities-administrators.ca/investor-tools/how-to-determine-the-value-of-an-old-stock-certificate/>. Even if the company no longer exists, it may hold value for a collector (see inset below).



Scripophily: The Hidden Value of Stock Certificates

Those who grew up before the digital age may remember a time when companies issued ornate paper stock certificates. Though it may feel like a distant memory, one of the last known issuances of paper certificates wasn't too long ago—in 2013, by The Walt Disney Company.

If you're spring cleaning, you might come across old share certificates tucked away in an office or attic. If the company still exists—or if it was acquired or merged—the certificate may still hold value. Even if the company no longer exists, the certificate itself could be valuable.

The hobby of collecting old stock certificates, known as “scripophily,” continues to attract collectors, some of whom are willing to pay large sums for their historical significance or aesthetic appeal. In 2019, a signed pre-IPO Walt Disney stock certificate reportedly sold for US\$19,000, after previously being auctioned in 2002 for US\$26,800.

1. <https://www.cbc.ca/radio/costofliving/forgotten-retirement-savings-1.7452815>; 2. <https://nationalpost.com/news/canada/how-to-know-if-you-own-any-of-the-1-8b-in-unclaimed-bank-accounts-in-canada>; 3. <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/news/2022/08/approximately-14-billion-in-uncashed-cheques-is-sitting-in-the-canada-revenue-agencys-coffers.html>

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